# MONTHLY REPORT ON INDIGENOUS CRUDE OIL PRODUCTION, IMPORT AND PROCESSING & PRODUCTION, IMPORT AND EXPORT OF PETROLEUM PRODUCTS

**March 2017** 





### **Petroleum Planning & Analysis Cell**

(Ministry of Petroleum & Natural Gas)

In this report, indigenous crude oil production, imports and processing as well as production and imports/exports of petroleum products by oil companies are analyzed on a monthly basis to assess the domestic availability of petroleum products in the country for consumption.

#### **Highlights**

- Indigenous crude oil production during March, 2017 was marginally higher by 0.9% than
  that of March, 2016 and higher by 10.5% over February, 2017. On cumulative basis, it
  was lower by 2.5% than that of April-March, 2015-16. There was a reduction of crude oil
  production by 0.4 MMT in BH, 0.4 MMT in Mangala and 0.2 MMT in Ravva fields.
- Import of crude oil decreased by 5.2% during March 2017 as compared to March 2016.
   During the period April 2016 March 2017, import of crude oil increased by 5.2% over the corresponding period of the previous year.
- Total crude oil processed during March, 2017 was 21.3 MMT, a marginal decrease of 0.3% over March, 2016 and an increase of 11.9% over last month of February, 2017. Crude oil processing during March, 2017 is the second highest in 2016-17 on monthly basis. On cumulative basis it was 245.4 MMT, an increase of 5.4% over the period April-March, 2015-16. Around 6.4 MMT of 12.5 MMT increase on cumulative basis was contributed by Paradip refinery and 1.8 MMT by Essar oil Limited. An increase of around 1.0 MMT each was recorded in HPCL-Mumbai, CPCL- Manali and BPCL-Kochi refineries.
- Highest ever POL production of 21.7 MMT in a month till date from refineries and fractionators was achieved during March, 2017. Similarly during 2016-17 highest ever POL production of 242.7 MMT in a year till date was achieved. Production of petroleum products during March, 2017 saw a growth of 2.0% over March, 2016. On cumulative basis a growth of 5.0% was recorded in production over April- March, 2015-16.
- Product imports increased by 17.0% during March, 2017 over the corresponding period of 2016 and by 9.6% over February, 2017. LPG, Lubes and Pet-coke imports contributed to 81.1 % share of total POL imports during March, 2017. On cumulative basis an increase of 21.7% was recorded in product imports over the period April- March, 2015-16 which was mainly due to increase in petcoke import by private sector.
- Export of POL products increased by 13.1% during March, 2017 as compared to March,

2016 primarily due to higher production as well as higher surplus availability of POL products like MS, ATF and HSD, which constituted around 76.9% of total POL exports. Further, export of POL increased by 33.0% over February, 2017 due to increase in export quantity of MS, Naphtha and HSD. The foreign exchange earnings of US\$ 2775 m were the highest during any month of financial year 2016-17. On cumulative an increase of 7.3% was recorded in product exports over the period April- March, 2015-16. Exports of 64.99 MMT during 2016-17(P) are the second highest till date during any financial year after 2013-14. The percentage share in export by PSU/JV sector was 19.3% while in private sector, it was 80.7% during the financial year 2016-17(P).

#### 2. Indigenous crude oil and condensate production

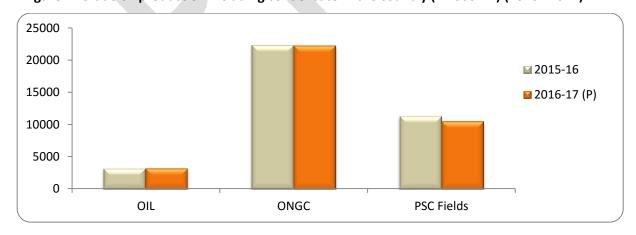
- 2.1 Indigenous crude oil and condensate production increased by 0.9% during March 2017 as compared to March 2016. Cumulative indigenous crude oil and condensate production decreased by 2.5% during April 2016 March 2017 at 36009 TMT as compared to 36942 TMT produced during the same period in the previous year.
- i. OIL's crude oil production in March 2017 was higher by 9.1% as compared to March 2016. On overall basis crude oil production was higher by 1.0% during April 2016 March 2017 as compared to the previous year.
- ii. In case of ONGC, crude oil and condensate production in March 2017 was higher by 3.3% as compared to March 2016. ONGC's overall crude oil and condensate production was lower by 0.6% during April 2016 March 2017 as compared to the previous year, due to natural decline in matured fields of Western offshore basin. The delay in deployment of Sagar Samrat rig to mobile offshore production unit (MOPU) as well as development of western periphery of Mumbai High (MH) South field has also affected the crude production for ONGC.
  - iii. Indigenous crude oil and condensate production under PSC fields decreased by 6.2% during March 2017 as compared to March 2016. Crude oil and condensate production

under PSC fields was lower by 7.3% during April 2016 - March 2017 in comparison to the previous year. The major decline was observed in Rajasthan's fields due to closure of a few high water cut wells in Mangala field and poor reservoir performance of Bhagyam wells.

2.2 Indigenous crude oil and condensate production in the country is given in Table-1 and Figure -1.

	Table-1: Indigenous Crude oil and Condensate production									
( Thousand Metric Tonnes )										
			April- March							
Oil Company	Product	2015-16	2016-17 <sup>(P)</sup>	Change (%)	2015-16	2016-17 <sup>(P)</sup>	Change (%)			
OIL	Crude oil	269	293	9.1	3226	3258	1.0			
	Crude oil	1559	1556	-0.2	18538	18263	-1.5			
ONGC	Condensate	310	375	21.0	3822	3955	3.5			
	Total	1869	1931	3.3	22360	22219	-0.6			
	Crude oil	922.6	865.5	-6.2	11335	10527	-7.1			
PSC FIELDS	Condensate	0.9	0.4	-51.2	21	5	-75.8			
	Total	923	866	-6.2	11356	10532	-7.3			
Total	Crude oil	2751	2715	-1.3	33099	32049	-3.2			
Total	Condensate	311	375	20.8	3843	3960	3.1			
Grand Total	Crude oil + Condensate	3061	3090	0.9	36942	36009	-2.5			
Note: All figu	Note: All figures are provisional. Source : Oil Companies & DGH									

Figure-1: Crude oil production including condensate in the country (in '000MT) (2016 –2017)

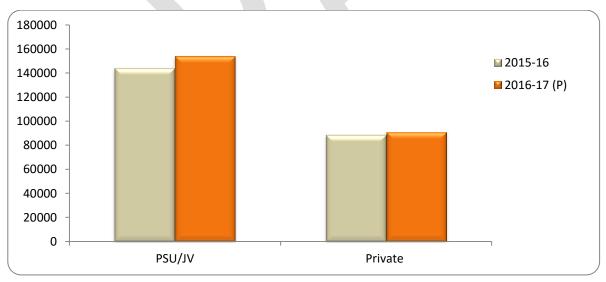


#### 3. Crude Oil processing by Oil Companies

3.1 Crude oil processed (indigenous/ imported) in the country by PSU/JV/Private sector refining companies is given in Table-2 and Figure -2.

Table-2: Crude Oil Processed									
(Thousand Metric Tonnes)									
		March			April-March				
Oil Company	2015-16	2016-17 <sup>(P)</sup>	Change (%)	2015-16	2016-17 <sup>(P)</sup>	Change (%)			
PSU / JV									
Indigenous	2378	2443	2.7	27462	27830	1.3			
Imported	11148	11059	-0.8	116742	126474	8.3			
PSU/JV	13527	13502	-0.18	144204	154303	7.0			
Private					<u>.</u>				
Indigenous	563	466	-17.2	6637	5693	-14.2			
Imported	7293	7359	0.9	82025	85399	4.1			
Private	7856	7825	-0.4	88662	91093	2.7			
Total of which	21383	21328	-0.3	232866	245396	5.4			
Indigenous	2941	2910	-1.1	34099	33523	-1.7			
Imported	18442	18418	-0.1	198767	211873	6.6			
Note: All figures are provisional. Source : Oil Companies									

Figure-2: Crude oil processed (in 000MT) (2016 -2017)



Based on processing of indigenous crude oil/condensate and the country's domestic POL consumption, self-sufficiency of petroleum products was 17.3% in March 2017 as against 17.2% during March 2016.On cumulative basis self-sufficiency during 2016-17 was 17.9% as compared to 19.1% due to reduction in indigenous crude oil production and increased domestic consumption.

Indian refineries processed 71.9% of high sulphur crudes during March 2017 as compared to 72.2% in March 2016. On cumulative basis 72.4% HS crudes were processed during April 2016 - March 2017 as against 71.3% during the same period of the previous year (2015-16).

#### 3.2 Significant variations in crude oil processing by refineries are analysed below:

- Crude oil processing by Indian refineries during March 2017 registered marginal de-growth of 0.3% as compared to March 2016. On an overall basis growth of 5.4% was registered during April 2016 March 2017 over the corresponding period of the previous year.
- In PSU (including JVs) refineries crude oil processing was marginally lower by 0.2% during March 2017 as compared to March 2016. On a cumulative basis up to March 2017, there was a growth of 7.0% over the same period of 2015-16 due to commissioning of IOCL- Paradip refinery and better capacity utilization of BPCL-Kochi, CPCL- Manali and HPCL Mumbai refineries.
- Crude oil processing by private oil refineries was marginally lower by 0.4% in March 2017 compared to March 2016. On cumulative basis up to March 2017, there was a growth of 2.7% over the same period of 2015-16 due to better capacity utilization by Essar Oil refinery.
- Indigenous crude oil processed in PSU refineries in March 2017 increased by 2.7% as compared to March 2016 due to increase in processing of Mangala crude by MRPL and hence indigenous crude oil processed in private refineries decreased by 17.2% during March 2017 compared to March 2016.

#### 4. Production of Petroleum Products

4.1 Petroleum products (grade-wise) production figures in March 2017 and cumulative production up to March 2017 vis-a-vis the same period during the previous year are given in Table-3 and Figure-3:

Table-3 Production of Petroleum Products								
(Thousand Metric Tonnes)								
PRODUCTS		March		April- March				
	2015-16	2016-17 <sup>(P)</sup>	Change (%)	2015-16	2016-17 <sup>(P)</sup>	Change (%)		
LPG	996	1071	7.5	10600	11252	6.2		
NAPHTHA	1671	1869	11.8	17861	19757	10.6		
MS BS-III	868	-38	-104.4	11802	8236	-30.2		
MS BS-IV	890	1951	119.3	6571	12345	87.9		
MS Others	1450	1498	3.3	16948	15943	-5.9		
ATF	1305	1281	-1.9	11793	13809	17.1		
SKO	605	436	-27.9	7503	5978	-20.3		
HSD BS-III	3182	145	-95.4	43668	27024	-38.1		
HSD BS-IV	2913	5550	90.5	19399	37730	94.5		
HSD Others	2998	3506	17.0	35520	37367	5.2		
LDO	53	61	15.6	429	629	46.7		
LUBES	103	75	-27.0	1037	1030	-0.7		
FO	804	668	-16.9	10317	11713	13.5		
LSHS	17	22	30.6	374	272	-27.3		
BITUMEN	638	549	-13.8	5157	5185	0.5		
Petcoke	1252	1159	-7.4	13319	12915	-3.0		
Others	1583	1944	22.8	18929	21508	13.6		
Total of which	21328	21748	2.0	231228	242693	5.0		
REFINERIES	21066	21454	1.8	227851	239235	5.0		
FRACTIONATORS	262	294	12.2	3377	3458	2.4		

Note: All figures are provisional. Source : Oil Companies

<sup>\*</sup> Others include products like Propylene, solvents (Hexane, Benzene, Toluene, Xylene and Specialty solvents), Reformate, Mineral Turpentine Oil, Carbon Black Feed Stock, Waxes, Sulphur etc.

50000 45000 40000 **№** 2015-16 35000 ≥ 2016-17 (P) 30000 25000 20000 15000 10000 5000 BSIII BSIV OTTERS LO LIBES FO. L'IL'NEN HZD BZIII 'SHS SKO

Figure-3: Production of petroleum products (in'000MT) (2016 –2017)

# 4.2 Significant variations in petroleum products production by refineries / fractionators are analyzed below:

- Production of petroleum products from refineries and fractionators increased by 2.0% in March 2017 as compared to March 2016. On cumulative basis production was higher by 5.0% i.e. 11.5 MMT mainly due to increase in production of naphtha, ATF, HSD and FO by 8.8 MMT approximately.
- BS- IV production of MS and HSD in PSU refineries (excluding JV and Pvt. Refineries) have shown an upward trend during April 2016 – March 2017 in comparison to the same period in 2015-16 in line with the Auto Fuel policy of introducing BS-IV fuels in more states and regions. The month-wise production trends are shown in figures 4 and 5.

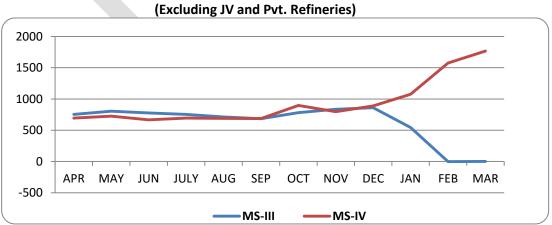
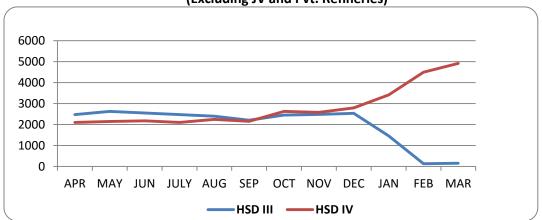


Figure-4: Month-wise BS-III & BS-IV MS production by PSU refineries (2016 –2017) (Excluding JV and Pvt. Refineries)

Figure-5: Month-wise BS-III & BS-IV HSD production by PSU refineries (2016 –2017) (Excluding JV and Pvt. Refineries)



- ATF production decreased by 1.9% in March 2017 as compared to the same period of the previous year. On overall basis ATF production was more by 17.1 % in April 2016 -March 2017 as compared to the same period of the previous year.
- SKO production decreased by 20.3% during April 2016 March 2017 as compared to the same period of the previous year.
- Pet coke production decreased by 3.0% during April 2016 March 2017 as compared to the same period of the previous year.
- FO production showed growth of 13.5% during April 2016 March 2017 as compared
  to the same period of the previous year due to shutdown of bottom upgradation
  units in refineries.

On overall basis petroleum products availability during April 2016 - March 2017 from refineries and fractionators was 242693 TMT against domestic consumption of 194214 TMT leaving a surplus of 48479 TMT. However some petroleum products like naphtha and lubes were still imported to meet specific requirements (quality & specifications) of the user industries. Imports were also resorted to, to meet domestic consumption of LPG and bitumen for which there is a deficit in indigenous production.

- 5. Import of Crude oil and Petroleum Products
- 5.1 Details of import of crude oil and petroleum products are given in Table-4 and Figure-6 below:

Table: 4 ; Import of Crude oil and Petroleum Products								
( Thousand Metric Tonnes)								
		March		April- March				
IMPORT	2015-16	2016-17 <sup>(P)</sup>	Change (%)	2015-16	2016-17 <sup>(P)</sup>	Change (%)		
Crude oil								
PSU/JV	11265	10238	-9.1	121204	128301	5.9		
Private	7281	7342	0.8	81647	84998	4.1		
Sub Total	18546	17580	-5.2	202850	213299	5.2		
PRODUCTS								
IMPORT #	2015-16	2016-17 (P)	Change	2015-16	2016-17	Change		
LPG	750	1234	64.6	8959	11042	23.3		
MS/ Petrol	20	0	-100.0	1012	476	-53.0		
Naphtha	248	212	-14.8	2931	2692	-8.2		
ATF	36	30	-18.1	286	358	25.4		
SKO	0	0	1	41	0	-100.0		
HSD	62	3	-94.6	177	997	462.3		
LOBS/Lube oil	210	177	-15.6	2264	2075	-8.4		
Fuel Oil	111	101	-9.1	1170	967	-17.3		
Bitumen	111	75	-32.3	879	905	2.9		
Petcoke	1055	1162	10.2	10041	14041	39.8		
Others\$	109	179	64.4	1694	2306	36.1		
TOTAL	2712	3173	17.0	29456	35859	21.7		
PSU/JV	816	1234	51.3	10056	12547	24.8		
Pvt.	1896	1939	2.3	19400	23312	20.2		

Note : All figures are provisional . Source : Oil Companies

<sup>#</sup> DGCI&S data is estimated.

<sup>\$</sup> Others include SKO, Paraffin wax, Petroleum Jelly, LSWR, Aviation Gas etc.

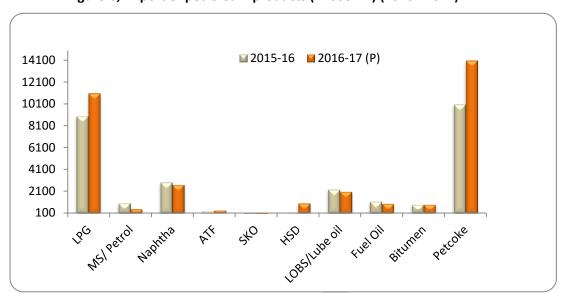


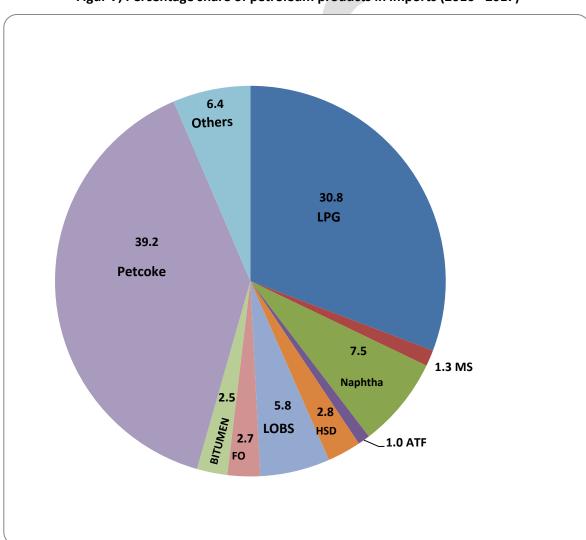
Figure-6, Import of petroleum products (in'000MT) (2016 –2017)

#### 5.2 Significant variations in import of crude oil and petroleum products are analysed below:

- Crude oil imports during March 2017 decreased by 5.2% as compared to March 2016.
   On overall basis crude oil imports increased by 5.2% during April 2016 March 2017 as compared to the same period during the previous year (2015-16).
- Crude oil imports of PSU/JV oil companies during March 2017 decreased by 9.1% as compared to March 2016. On overall basis crude oil imports of PSU/JV oil companies increased by 5.9% during April 2016 March 2017 as compared to the same period during 2015-16 mainly due to increase in crude oil processing by IOC-Paradip refinery (8.2 MMT).
- Crude oil imports of private oil companies during March 2017 marginally increased by 0.8% as compared to March 2016. On overall basis crude oil imports of private oil companies increased by 4.1% during April 2016 - March 2017 as compared to the same period during 2015-16 due to increase in crude throughput.
- Import of POL products increased by 17.0% during March 2017 as compared to March 2016 mainly due to increase in import of LPG. Import of POL products increased by 21.7% during April 2016 March 2017 as compared to the same period of the previous year (2015-16) with imports of LPG and petcoke accounting for 95.0% of total increase of 6.4MMT.

 Import of LPG, pet coke and lubes accounted for 81.1% share of the total petroleum product imports during March 2017 as there is deficit in domestic production vis-à-vis domestic consumption. On cumulative basis import of LPG accounted for 30.8% and pet-coke accounted for 39.2% of the total POL imports respectively during April 2016 -March 2017.

The share of all major products in the cumulative imports of the country during April 2016 March 2017 is shown in figure-7 below:



Figur-7, Percentage share of petroleum products in imports (2016 –2017)

#### 6. Export of Petroleum Products

6.1 The details of export of petroleum products are given in Table-5 and Figure-8 below:

Table:5,Export of Major Petroleum Products									
		( Thousand Metric Tonnes)							
		March		April- March					
EXPORT	2015-16 2016-17 <sup>(P)</sup> Chan			2015-16	2016-17 <sup>(P)</sup>	Change (%)			
LPG	30	30	-1.6	195	317	62.3			
MS	1517	1339	-11.7	16817	15139	-10.0			
NAPHTHA	649	854	31.5	7116	8662	21.7			
ATF	718	724	0.9	5686	7253	27.6			
HSD	2069	2606	26.0	24037	27276	13.5			
FUEL OIL	126	193	52.8	2806	2248	-19.9			
OTHERS	256	323	26.0	3881	4090	5.4			
TOTAL	5365	6068	13.1	60539	64986	7.3			

Note: All figures are provisional. Source: Oil Companies

'% Others in export include CBFS, VGO, Hexane, Benzene, MTO, Sulphur etc.

30000 25000 25000 20000 15000 LPG MS NAPHTHA ATF HSD FUEL OIL OTHERS

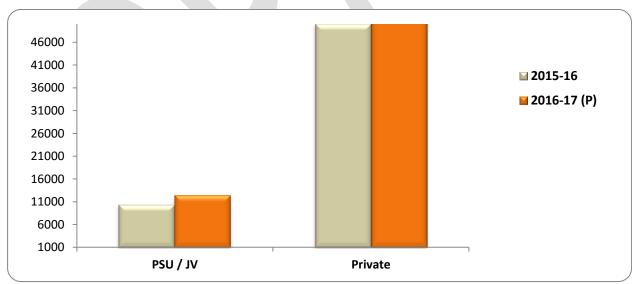
Figure-8: Export of Petroleum Products (in '000MT) (2016 -2017)

## 6.2 Significant variations in export of petroleum products in the country are analysed below:

- Export of petroleum products increased by 13.1% during March 2017 as compared to March 2016 primarily due to higher production as well as higher surplus availability of POL products like Naphtha, ATF and HSD, which constituted around 69.0% of total POL exports.
- II. Overall export of POL products increased by 7.3% during April 2016 March 2017 as compared to the same period of the previous year.
- III. Trend of export of petroleum products by PSUs / JVs and Private sector in the country is given in Table-6 and Figure-9 below:

Table-6: Export of Petroleum Products										
( Thousand Metric Tonnes)										
	March April- March									
Oil Company	2015-16	2015-16 2016-17 <sup>(P)</sup> Change (%) 2015-16 2016-17 (P)								
PSU / JV	1011	1665	64.6	10452	12574	20.3				
Private	4353	4403	1.1	50086	52411	4.6				
TOTAL 5365 6068 13.1 60539 64986										
Note: All figures are provisional . Source : Oil Companies										

Figure-9: Export of Petroleum Products: PSU vs. Private (in '000MT) (April 2016 – March 2017)



#### Salient features of exports by PSU/JV and Private oil companies

- PSU/JV oil companies' exports registered growth of 64.6% during March 2017 as compared to March 2016. On a cumulative basis PSU/JV exports have shown growth of 20.3% during April 2016 March 2017 as compared to the corresponding period of the previous year. The export of MS, ATF and HSD contributed 17.6% in the cumulative growth of 20.3% during April 2016 March 2017.
- Private oil companies' petroleum products exports registered marginal growth of 1.1% in March 2017 as compared to March 2016. On a cumulative basis private oil companies' petroleum products exports have shown growth of 4.6% during the period April 2016 -March 2017 as compared to the corresponding period of the previous year. Cumulative growth was mainly due to increase in export of Naphtha, ATF and HSD.
- Private oil companies' export of POL products accounted for 72.6% of total petroleum product exports during March 2017 as compared to 81.1% of the previous year. On a cumulative basis during April 2016 March 2017 private oil companies' export of POL products accounted for 80.7% of total petroleum product exports as compared to 82.7% of the previous year.

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